



## PLAYING RULES EXPERTS COURSE



### PRACTICE SRD EXAM #1

#### PREAMBLE

This is a test of your academic knowledge of the Hockey Canada playing rules. Base your answer solely on Hockey Canada playing rules, information in the Referee's Case Book and Hockey Canada Officiating Program bulletins. Do not use Branch or League rules, policies, directives or game management principles to help formulate your answers.

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Please report errors or omissions to [tdo@gthlcanada.com](mailto:tdo@gthlcanada.com).

#### DIRECTIONS

1. This practice exam consists of 50 questions.
2. The passing grades are:   Level 4.....80 %     40 / 50  
  Level 5.....90 %     45 / 50
3. You have 90 minutes to complete this practice exam. Do not allow yourself extra time.
4. Write this practice exam in a single sitting, without taking a break.
5. Do not start this practice exam until you are certain that you will not be interrupted.
6. Keep track of how long it takes to complete this exam.
7. Write the exam without reference to the case book or other reference material.
8. Since this is a practice exam, use a pen and write your answers on blank sheets of paper. Be sure to number each response.
9. Always RTFQ! (read the fricken question)
10. Write your answers legibly.
11. Point form answers, conventional short forms and abbreviations is encouraged
12. Always ATFQ! (answer the fricken question)
13. "SRD" means State Referee's Decision.
14. You will receive the answer key via a separate email. Do not look at the answer key until you have completed the exam. Mark the entire exam before analyzing your performance.
15. Okay, stop reading these stupid instructions and get ready to start writing...

GOOD LUCK (ya, right!)



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1. [Rule 1.9(c)] What is the maximum number of team officials that may occupy the player's bench? SRD
2. [Rule 2.5(h)] A gathering occurs during a stoppage of play. Players from Team A come off their player's bench as part of a line change while the gathering is in progress and do not heed the Referee's instruction to remain at their respective benches until the gathering is dispersed. SRD.
3. [Equipment Measurement Guideline #2; Rule 3.5(c); Rule 3.5 Situations 1 & 2] Team A requests a measurement of the Team B's starting goaltender's pads. SRD.
4. [Rule Book, Section 3 – Equipment Measurement Guidelines] Can a goal be disallowed or cancelled as a result of any type of measurement? SRD.
5. [Rule 3.2(a)] If a goaltender's stick breaks is the goaltender allowed to use the broken stick until the next stoppage of play? SRD.
6. [Rule 3.2 Situation 1] A6 is serving a penalty when he hands a stick to a teammate A8 who is on the ice and without a stick. SRD.
7. [Rule 3.2 Situation 2] Someone from Team A's player's bench throws a stick onto the ice for A6 who is not in possession of a stick. A6 picks up the thrown stick. The Referee is able to identify the person that threw the stick. SRD.
8. [Rule 4.9 Situation 2] Is it the location of the puck or the location of the player that is used to determine if a Penalty Shot should be awarded when a player in control of the puck is fouled from behind and fails to get a shot on goal during a breakaway? SRD.
9. [Rule 4.2 Situation 9] Which player returns when team B scores? SRD.

A9: 2 .....	4:00
A8: 2 + 2 .....	4:00
B Scores .....	3:00

10. [Rule 4.2 Situation 10] Which player returns when team B scores? SRD.

A8: 2 + 2 .....	5:00
A9: 2 .....	4:30
B Scores .....	2:50

11. [Rule 4.2 Situation 17] Which player returns when team A scores? SRD.

A6 - 2	B16 - 2	10:00
	B14 - 5 + 2 + GM	10:00
A Scores .....		4:48



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12. [Rule 4.2 Situation 19] SRD. Identify which player(s) must sit in the penalty box. Also indicate how long each player must remain in the penalty box.

A7 - 2 + 10 + GM      B8 - 2 ..... 5:00

13. [Rule 4.4 Situation 10] The following penalties are assessed at the same stoppage of play. SRD. Be sure to address the disposition of each player, the on-ice strength of both teams when play resumes, and identify who serves penalties in place of players ejected from the game.

A3 - 2	B7 - 2
A6 - 5 + GM + 5 + GM + 2	B8 - 2
A9 - 5 + GM + 2	B11 - 5 + GM + 2
	B12 - 5 + GM + 5 + GM + 2

14. [Rule 4.9 Situation 1] List four different types of fouls that result in a Penalty Shot if they occur in the last two minutes of regular playing time or any time during overtime.

15. [Rule 4.9 Situation 2] List the 4 conditions that must be met in order to assess a Penalty Shot due to a foul committed from behind on a player that is in possession of the puck.

16. [Rule 4.10 Situation 5] Team A's goaltender is legally replaced by an extra attacker. After this, opposing player B7 obtains a breakaway and shoots the puck towards Team A's empty net. A second later, defending player A6 throws his stick at the puck. SRD.

17. [Rule 4.12(b) & (c)] The following time penalties are being served by Team A. What time does each player return to the ice if the next stoppage of play is 2:50?

A12: 5 min. @ 12:00  
A10: 2 min. @ 11:30  
A4: 2 min. @ 11:00

18. [Rule 4.13(a)] Player A3 skates across the centre red line then dumps the puck deep into Team B's defending zone. Before any player gains possession of the puck, A3 is observed by the Referee to slash an opponent. When should the Referee stop play to assess the penalty to A3? SRD.

19. [Rule 4.13 Situation 9] The Referee signals a delayed double Minor penalty for spearing against A3. Team B scores before play is stopped. SRD.

20. [Rule 6.1(b) and Rule 6.5(a)] **Minor** hockey player A3 head butts an opponent. Contact is helmet to facial protector. The act is intended to intimidate but is of little real consequence. SRD.



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21. [Rule 6.1 Situations 2, 3 & 4] As play is stopped along the boards a spectator reaches over the glass and whacks a player on the helmet with a plastic souvenir stick. The player retaliates and the officials are forced to intervene. SRD. Include all possibilities in your answer. Also, what reporting action is required of the referee?
22. [Rule 6.3(a)] A player is injured by an opponent who is guilty of charging. SRD.
23. [Rule 6.3(b)] A player charges the opposing goaltender in his goal crease. No injury results. SRD.
24. [Rule 6.4(b)] A player high sticks, cross-checks, body-checks, pushes, hits or propels a player from behind into the boards or goal net in such a way that player is unable to protect or defend herself. SRD.
25. [Rule 6.4 Situation 1] The Referee signals a delayed Minor penalty to Team "A" for checking from behind. Team "B" scores before the play is stopped. SRD.
26. [Rule 6.5(a)] Excluding the Match penalty option, what penalty options are available to a referee under the head contact rule in Minor and Female hockey? SRD.
27. [Rule 6.5(b)] Excluding the Match penalty option, what penalty options are available to a referee under the head contact rule in Junior and Senior hockey?
28. [Rule 6.6(a)] Can a Major penalty for elbowing be assessed if no injury results and no contact to the opponent's head or neck is involved? SRD
29. [Rule 6.7 Situation 4] The Referee signals a delayed Minor penalty for roughing against player A3. Player B7 retaliates with one or two full force punches to the head and body of A3. Player A3 throws no punches and "turtles" when B7 retaliates. B7 stops fighting when it is clear that A3 will not fight. What penalties are assessed to **B7**? SRD.
30. [Rule 6.7 Situation 12] After a fight on the ice is over, one of the goaltenders is observed at his player's bench without the permission of the Referee. SRD.
31. [Rule 6.7 Situation 16] A fight occurs and after a short while all 10 players on the ice as well as the goaltenders become involved in fights in the neutral zone. No player from either team leaves their bench. SRD.
32. [Rule 6.7 Situation 20] The Referee signals a delayed Minor penalty for roughing against player A3. Player B7 retaliates with several full force punches to the head and body of A3. Player A3 throws no punches and actually "turtles" when B7 retaliates. SRD.
33. [Rule 6.7 Situation 21] Player A3 knocks out an opponent with one unseen and unexpected punch (a.k.a. "sucker punch") to the head. Besides a Match penalty, what penalty or penalties may be assessed to A3? SRD.



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34. [Rule 7.3(f)] As the goaltender leaves the ice to be replaced by another player, she drops or places her stick on the ice outside the crease. The Referee does not see incident. SRD.
35. [Rule 7.2(a) & (b)] What penalty or penalties are assessed when a player uses the shaft of the stick above the upper hand to impede the progress of an opponent? SRD.
36. [Rule 7.3(c)] Someone throws an object onto the ice from the player's bench. What penalty(s) are assessed if the offender is identified? What penalty(s) are assessed if the offender is NOT identified? SRD.
37. [Rule 7.4 Situation 2] A player has a breakaway and, despite being hooked from behind, takes a clear and unimpeded shot on goal but does NOT score. SRD.
38. [Rule 8.1(b)] What penalty or penalties are assessed when a player accidentally cross-checks an opponent above the normal height of the shoulders?
39. [Rule 8.1(c)] A player cross-checks the opposing goaltender in her crease. No injury results. SRD.
40. [Rule 8.2 Situation 9] The attacking team high sticks the puck. The puck then deflects off a defending player and enters their goal. Goal or no goal? Where will the next face-off occur? SRD.
41. [Rule 9.5 Situation 12 Example A] A3 leaves the penalty bench before her penalty time has expired due to a timekeeper's error. Team A scores after the penalty would have expired. Team B immediately appeals to the Referee. SRD.
42. [Rule 9.1 Situation 2] An attacking player bats the puck with the hand. The puck then hits the opposing goaltender and is immediately picked up by an attacking player. Should the Referee allow play to stop or continue? SRD.
43. [Rule 9.2(c)] What penalty or penalties are assessed if the Referee is unable to identify the person responsible for the use of obscene, profane or abusive language?
44. [Rule 9.5(b)&(c) + Situations 8 & 10] A fight occurs on the ice and both benches empty completely. A25, who is identified as the 1<sup>st</sup> player to leave the bench, also gets involved in the original fight. 7 players from each team that left the bench are assessed penalties for fighting. What is the maximum number of players from Team A and what is the number of players from Team B that can be assessed a Game Misconduct for the act of leaving the bench during a fight? SRD.
45. [Rule 9.5 Situation 3] While serving a Minor penalty, player A3 leaves the penalty bench on his own accord before the penalty expires. A3 then fouls opponent B7 (who has control of the puck in the neutral zone and is on a clear breakaway) from behind. B7 manages to score a goal on the play. SRD.



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46. [Rule 9.8 Situation 7] Two separate stick throwing incidents have resulted in the awarding of a Penalty Shot in favour of Team **A** and a Minor penalty against Team **B**. A goal is scored by Team A during the Penalty Shot. No injury occurs and neither incident is considered an attempt to injure. SRD.
47. [Rule 10.1 Situation 2] Which statement best defines “defending player”? SRD
- a) A player in her defending zone with the opposing team in possession of the puck
  - b) A player in her defending zone regardless of which team is in control of the puck
  - c) A player in her defending zone with no team in control of the puck
  - d) A player in her defending zone with the opposing team in control of the puck
48. [Rule 10.1 Situation 5] The Referee sees a goaltender deliberately knock the net off its moorings before proceeding to the player’s bench to be substituted by another player. SRD. Include all possibilities in your answer.
49. [Rule 10.3 Situation 3 Point 4 and Rule 10.1(e)] The goaltender causes a stoppage of play in the final minute of regular playing time when she races out of the net and jumps on the puck in order to prevent an attacking player from gaining control of the puck. SRD.
50. [Rule 10.7] An attacking player kicks the puck, which then deflects off a defending player other than the goaltender and then goes into the goal. Goal or no goal? Where will the next face-off take place? SRD.